

Brownback: Religious freedom key to other freedoms

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WASHINGTON (RNS)—The U. S. ambassador for international religious freedom called for renewed activism on protecting faiths around the globe as religious liberty advocates gathered Nov. 9 in the nation’s capital to mark the 20th anniversary of the International Religious Freedom Act.

“We should push, and we should push it hard,” said Sam Brownback at the event sponsored by the Religious Freedom Institute and Baylor University, which drew more than 100 people.

“You get this one right — you get religious freedom right — a lot of other freedoms bloom,” said Brownback. “You get this one wrong, a lot of other freedoms contract.”

Brownback, a former U.S. senator and governor of Kansas, was confirmed in January as the fifth U.S. ambassador-at-large for international religious freedom. Brownback was a key sponsor of the 1998 law that called for the creation of a bipartisan U.S. Commission on International Religious Freedom, charged with producing an annual report on the worst violators of religious liberty. The measure also directed the State Department to create the ambassador position Brownback holds today.

In July, Brownback and Secretary of State Mike Pompeo hosted the first-ever Ministerial to Advance Religious Freedom at the State Department in Washington, which was attended by representatives of 84 countries.

Brownback recalled with pleasure the broad range of people of faith and no faith at the ministerial.

“We all agreed we should be free to choose, free to be protected from the state or from the mobs that would infringe upon our right of religious freedom,” he said.

The State Department plans to announce a second ministerial, he said, noting nine other countries also are planning regional religious freedom summits.

Work with the next generation

Brownback said he hopes some of the “older minds” on religious freedom will work with the next generation to gain new activists for their cause.

“We need a religious freedom movement in the United States,” he said. “My thinking is it needs to go specific. It needs to start at Baylor or other university campuses.”

He proposed that such a movement could start with campus visits from speakers who have experienced persecution firsthand, such as Rohingya Muslims who have lived in refugee camps after being forced to flee Myanmar. Citing Tibetan Buddhists, Uighur Muslims and Christian house churches, all of which have suffered limitation or persecution in China, Brownback suggested others might work together and say, “Let’s free China from religious persecution.”

The daylong event featured, besides Brownback, his four predecessors as ambassador-at-large for international religious freedom. Bob Seiple was honored as the first person in that role and was joined at the gathering by John Hanford, Suzan Johnson Cook and David Saperstein.

The anniversary observance was sponsored by Baylor in Washington and the Baylor Institute for Studies of Religion along with the Religious Freedom Institute, a Washington-based organization that funds scholarship

and on-the-ground action teams to advance religious freedom.